

Building a Foundation for Al Success: A Leader's Guide



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Introduction

In the nearly 70 years since John McCarthy coined the term 'artificial intelligence', we've seen wave after wave of technological innovation, from the rise of personal computing to the internet, mobile devices, the cloud and now, generative AI.

Each of these shifts has created new opportunities and new questions for leaders. How can these technologies help my organisation thrive? What new possibilities could they offer? How should I organise for optimal impact? And, perhaps most importantly, how can I use these technologies in a way that promotes trust among customers, citizens, patients, partners, shareholders and the public?

In this paper, we'll share insights – from customers, partners, analysts, Al leaders inside and outside of the company, and from our own experience – about the five categories that, collectively, form a foundation for building sustainable value with Al. They are:

- Business strategy
- Technology strategy
- Al strategy and experience
- · Organisation and culture
- Al governance

Finally, we'll offer suggestions for pragmatic next steps to accelerate your progress, whether you're just getting started, developing your organisational expertise or well along the path.

Definitions

Artificial Intelligence (AI) (1950s): the theory and development of computer systems that are able to perform tasks that normally require human intelligence, such as visual perception, speech recognition, decision-making and translation between languages¹

Machine Learning (1990s): a subset of AI and computer science where algorithmic models are trained to learn from existing data to make decisions or predictions

Deep Learning (2010s): a machine learning technique that uses layers of neural networks to process data and make decisions

Generative AI (2020s): a type of AI technology that uses algorithmic models to create new written, visual and auditory content when given prompts or existing data

Five Pillars of Al Success



While the term 'artificial intelligence' has been around since the 1950s, the pace of Al innovation has accelerated in the past several years, thanks to plentiful data, greater access to computing power and the size and sophistication of algorithmic models.²

Al is fundamentally different from technologies that have come before it, both in its approach and its capabilities. It is based on probabilities, rather than rules, and 'learns' from data without requiring explicit instructions. Al makes it possible for computers to perform certain tasks that previously only humans could do, such as visual perception, speech recognition, decision-making and language translation.³

Generative AI takes that one step further. It can be used for, among other things, content creation, summarisation and question answering, as well as the creation of images based on text prompts, all using everyday language. "For the first time, there will be a way for every human being to express their intent to a computing device in very

natural ways," says Kevin Scott, Executive Vice President and Chief Technology Officer at Microsoft.

Given the pace of AI innovation, the most frequent questions we hear from customers are: Where do I go from here? How do I create the most impact? What does success look like?

While there is no one answer for all organisations, we're starting to see best practices emerge across five discrete categories, which we refer to here as the five pillars of AI success. (See Figure 1.)

Figure 1: Five Pillars of Al Success

Business strategy

Clearly defined and prioritised business objectives, use cases and measurement of Al value

Technology strategy

An Al-ready application and data platform architecture, aligned parameters for build versus buy decisions and plans for where to host data and applications to optimise outcomes

Al strategy and experience

A systematic, customer-centric approach to AI that includes applying the right model to the right use case and experience in building, testing and realising AI value across multiple business units, use cases and dimensions

Organisation and culture

A clear operating model, leadership support, change-management process, access to continuous learning and development and strong relationships with diverse subject-matter experts

Al governance

Implementation of processes, controls and accountability structures to govern data privacy, security and responsible use of AI



Business Strategy

Clearly defined and prioritised business objectives, use cases and measurement of AI value

One of the biggest drivers of AI success is the degree to which the organisation has defined and prioritised business objectives, use cases and how it will measure value. This is particularly important given the wide applicability of AI to so many different needs, such as process optimisation, content generation, summarisation, procurement, supply-chain optimisation and more. Success requires rigorous focus on strategic goals as well as a growth mindset to embrace challenges and learn from failure.

"Rather than starting by asking what AI can do, we need to turn the telescope around and ask, 'What are you trying to do in your business, and how can AI help?'" says Jason Price, Director of Specialist Management at Microsoft.

In fact, the Gartner® 2022 Al Use-Case ROI Survey states that the "main barriers preventing implementation of Al are unable/hard to measure value and lack of understanding Al benefits and uses." 19% of respondents cited "unable/hard to measure the value", and 19% cited "lack of understanding AI benefits and uses." 4

In Quick Answer: What Is the True Return on Al Investment? Gartner stated: "Enterprises do not achieve maximum leverage from artificial intelligence investments, despite increased spending. Executive leaders must become keen and discerning creators of Al investment strategies in order to obtain optimum value from AI initiatives," and that "the best return yield from AI investment will come from an extensive portfolio of Al, guided by an expansive and evolving investment thesis that is aligned to strategic priorities and helps to allocate resources based on business impact. Organisations that follow a portfolio management plan to determine most AI use cases are 2.4 times more likely to reach 'mature' levels of AI implementation."5

Technology Strategy

An AI-ready application and data platform architecture, aligned parameters for build versus buy decisions and plans for where to host data and applications to optimise outcomes

The pace of AI innovation has captured the imaginations of people around the world. It has also intensified many of the biggest questions leaders face when seeking to optimise AI value, such as:

- Do I have the infrastructure required for AI applications to access data securely, quickly and at scale?
- Based on my top-priority use cases, should I buy, build or modernise Al applications?
- How should I determine whether to host data and AI applications on premises or in the cloud?

As you work to resolve these questions, the first step is to choose an application and data platform architecture that will meet your organisation's requirements. Your architecture will determine the technologies you need, whether you buy a prebuilt solution, build it yourself or opt for a combination.

"You can't democratise AI if you don't have an architecture that connects everyone across the company," says Andy Markus, Chief Data Officer at AT&T. "The cloud makes that possible."

Al Strategy and Experience

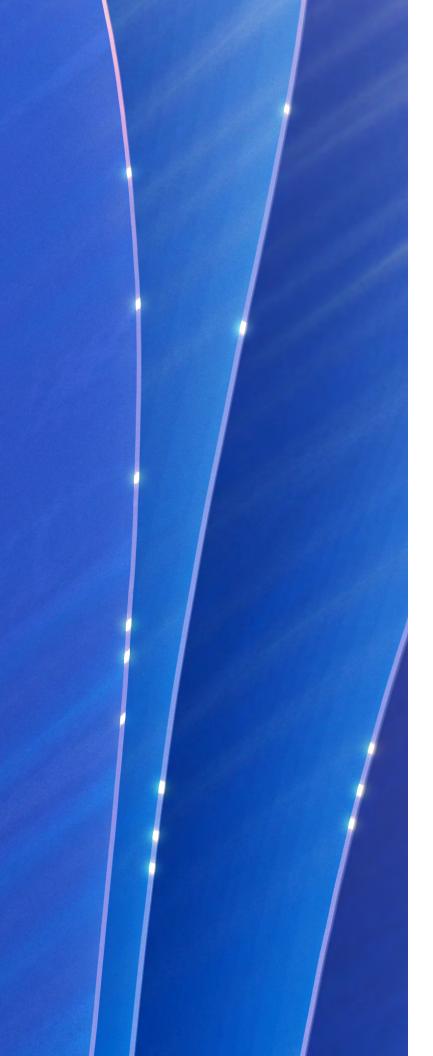
A systematic, customer-centric approach to AI that includes applying the right model to the right use case and experience in building, testing and realising AI value across multiple business units, use cases and dimensions

Customer-centricity, and taking a systematic approach to AI, are both emerging as key contributors to AI success. The 2023 Gartner® report *Survey Analysis: AI-First Strategy Leads to Increasing Returns* found that "41% of mature AI organisations use customer success-related business metrics", while "the strategic importance of AI techniques has once again been confirmed by our respondents. 77% of mature organisations adopt an AI-first strategy, systematically considering AI for every use case."4

Another critical driver of AI success is applying the right model to your use case – in other words, using the right tool for the right job – to solve specific problems and realise value. This applies whether you're buying applications or building or your own.

77%

of mature organisations adopt an Al-first strategy, systematically considering Al for every use case.⁴



Additional factors that tend to correlate with an organisation's AI success include:

- The number of AI use cases deployed.
- The length of time they've been in use.
- The degree to which they have scaled across the business.
- The degree of value they have generated, measured by productivity, revenue or another metric.

These factors can also reveal potential barriers to success. One of the most common examples is the 'perpetual proof of concept' loop, which tends to point to gaps in alignment between projects and valued business outcomes. Finally, the degree to which AI is democratised throughout the organisation – extending AI capabilities and tools from a small group of experts to the organisation as a whole – is also a leading indicator of success.

Organisation and Culture

A clear operating model, leadership support, change-management process, access to continuous learning and development and strong relationships with diverse subject-matter experts

In conversations with customers and partners, organisation and culture frequently emerge as critical factors for success.

Operating model

According to Gartner: "The pace of AI technology maturation and diverse approaches make it difficult to capture and sustain value from AI initiatives. Effective AI operating models that leverage current investments in people, processes and technologies enable IT leaders to drive successful AI initiatives." It can mean the difference between AI projects that are viewed as science experiments and those that become significant value-drivers.

Salim Naim, Director of Specialist
Management at Microsoft, says one of
the key questions to consider, "is whether
your operating model is geared towards
just experimentation and centralised, or
whether it is designed to be embedded in
every aspect of the business." He advises
organisations to ensure they're taking an
inclusive approach to developing their
operating model. Leaders should ask
themselves: "What should my operating
model be that allows business units and
different geographies in global organisations
to adopt it?"

Leadership support

In discussions with customers and partners, and in our own experience of Al transformation, we have found that organisations that derive the most value from Al are typically those whose leadership recognises and supports the opportunities of Al with words, resources and actions.





This may start as an initiative from the top or as a grassroots effort that gradually gains momentum. "Either way," says Andreas Nauerz, Chief Technical Officer at Bosch Digital, "You need an atmosphere which encourages people to experiment and learn, even from failure. This is especially crucial considering the pace of technological advancement."

To learn more about how Microsoft customers are approaching Al transformation in their organisation and culture, read 'Lessons from Enterprise Al Pioneers' in the Wall Street Journal.7

Change management

An organisation's ability to manage change is also a critical driver of AI success. "You very quickly learn that by the time you succeed with something, it's already outdated," says Mikkel Bernt Buchvardt, Director of Data and Analytics at SEGES Innovation. He suggests embracing this reality, rather than letting it slow you down. "You can keep gold-plating your methods, or you can make it good enough to deliver some value."

Skill-building and learning

Access to skill development, continuous learning and certifications are also key. But according to Salim Naim, Al success isn't simply skill acquisition – it needs to become a more sustainable capability within your organisation. "As you mature, you go beyond what you solve to how well you solve it," he says.

Strong relationships with subject-matter experts

Access to technologists with the right skills in the right roles is also fundamental to success. But it's just as important to foster relationships with subject-matter experts across a spectrum of competencies to ensure that AI projects truly serve business objectives. As Andy Markus says: "The very first step of the journey is not even technical. It's to establish a great partnership with the business. The number one goal is to deliver value to the company and to our customers. Sure, we're technologists, and we can get really jazzed about doing cutting-edge things with technology. But the ultimate reason we're here is to deliver value for our company and to our customers."

For more insights on AI and the world of work, see the Microsoft WorkLab.

"The very first step of the journey is not even technical. It's to establish a great partnership with the business. The number one goal is to deliver value to the company and to our customers."

Andy Markus

AT&T Chief Data Officer

Al Governance

Implementation of processes, controls and accountability structures to govern data privacy, security and responsible use of AI

"Don't ask what computers can do. Ask what they should do."

Microsoft President Brad Smith wrote those words about the ethics of AI in a book he co-authored in 2019. "This may be one of the defining questions of our generation," the authors declared.⁸

Four years later, AI – and its relationship to trust, data privacy and security – is on the minds of people and organisations around the world. "Consumer faith in cybersecurity, data privacy and responsible AI hinges on what companies do today," a recent McKinsey report stated.9

As with any consequential new technology, AI must be built on a foundation of security, risk management and trust. "Ensuring the right guardrails for the responsible use of AI will not be limited to technology companies and governments," wrote Antony Cook, Corporate Vice President and Deputy General Counsel at Microsoft, in a recent blog post announcing Microsoft's

Al customer commitments.¹⁰ "Every organisation that creates or uses Al systems will need to develop and implement its own governance systems," he said.

Organisations seeking to reap the greatest benefit from AI must develop their understanding of the data governance, security and responsible AI implications of their decisions, with regard to both risks and opportunities.

Since 2017, Microsoft has been sharing expertise, providing training curriculum and creating dedicated resources to support responsible use. "A theme that is core to our responsible Al program and its evolution over time is the need to remain humble and learn constantly," says Natasha Crampton, Chief Responsible Al Officer at Microsoft. "Responsible Al is a journey, and it's one that the entire company is on." 11

For insight on Microsoft's approach to Responsible AI, read 'The building blocks of Microsoft's responsible AI program'.¹²



A theme that is core to our responsible Al program and its evolution over time is the need to remain humble and learn constantly. Responsible AI is a journey, and it's one that the entire company is on.



Getting Started

Use this guide to help identify priority areas as you define your AI strategy and roadmap.

Suggested next steps



Business strategy

- Define and prioritise business objectives such as customer experience, productivity, revenue growth, employee experience and other key goals.
- Determine how you will measure the value of those objectives.
- Identify and prioritise AI use cases that support your goals.
- Build a portfolio management plan to help guide your investments.



Technology strategy

- Based on your top-priority use cases, determine whether to buy, modernise or build applications.
- Assess whether you have the infrastructure for AI applications to access data securely, quickly and at scale.
- Consider the scalability and performance implications of hosting data and Al applications on premises or in the cloud.
- Ensure your cloud infrastructure is built to run large AI workloads and deliver reliability at scale.
- Evaluate your organisation's Zero Trust security posture.
- Explore how to use AI for improving security, in terms of deploying and protecting organisational assets, developing and maintaining policies and procedures and monitoring and responding to incidents or emerging threats.

Suggested next steps



Al strategy and experience

- Familiarise yourself with generative AI use cases and how they might support your business needs.
- Develop a systematic process to consider AI for every use case.
- Assess the number of business units and processes, length of time in production and age of deployments in your organisation to reveal patterns that may point to opportunities or blockers.
- Build intelligent apps on your data to improve the intelligence and relevance of model outputs.
- Consider using Microsoft 365 Copilot, or build your own copilot to accelerate learning and time to value.



Organisation and culture

- Define your operating model for Al.
- Secure or develop a plan to secure leadership support backed by resources.
- Develop strong relationships with a diverse range of subject-matter experts in the business.
- Strengthen your organisation's ability to manage change.
- Identify and implement the right learning and skill-building paths in place.
- Approach AI as a sustainable capability within your organisation and culture.



Al governance

- Review and share resources on responsible use of AI to identify the models and approaches that best suit your organisation.
- Consider the enablement model that best fits your needs, such as hub-and-spoke, centralised or distributed.
- Consider the principles of secure AI and how to ensure your data is protected end to end from platform to applications and users.
- Consider the processes, controls and accountability mechanisms that may be required to govern the use of AI, and how AI may affect data privacy and security policies.

Conclusion

Given the speed of Al innovation and the uniqueness of every organisation, no single framework could possibly account for all organisations, regions or circumstances. But we hope that these pages have helped you identify potential areas of strength and opportunities to accelerate your Al innovation journey.

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